

Alpha Ciphering nationals 2019 solutions

$$0 - (\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x)(\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x) = \cos 2x \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{b} = \pi . \quad 1$$

$$1. \quad {}_{30}C_2 = 435 \rightarrow 435 - {}_{15}C_2 = 435 - 15 - 105 = 315$$

$$2. \quad \frac{6\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{6}} = x \rightarrow x = x^2 = \frac{36(2+\sqrt{3})}{(2+6+2\sqrt{12})2+\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{36(2+\sqrt{3})}{(8+4\sqrt{3})} = 9 \rightarrow x = 3$$

$$5 - 9 = 5$$

$$3. \quad 50 - 99 = 50$$

$$500 - 999 = 500 \rightarrow 2019 - 555 = 1464 \rightarrow$$

$$5000 + 1464 - 1 = 6463$$

4. The acute angle formed at 2:45 is 172.5 degrees which is 23/48 of a full circle. Multiply this by 8π and you get $\frac{23\pi}{6}$. So J is 23

5.

rate	time	distance
48	d/192	d/4
r	3d/4r	3d/4
64	d/64	d

$$\frac{d}{192} + \frac{3d}{4r} = \frac{d}{64} \rightarrow \frac{1}{192} + \frac{3}{4r} = \frac{1}{64}$$

$$\frac{3}{4r} = \frac{1}{96} \rightarrow 4r = 3 \bullet 96 \rightarrow r = 72$$

$$6. \quad (2^9 + 1)^2 - 2(2^9) = (2^9 + 1 - 2^5)(2^9 + 1 + 2^5) = 481 \bullet 545 = 13 \bullet 37 \bullet 5 \bullet 109$$

$$13 + 5 + 37 + 109 = 164$$

7. If 3rd and 5th are the same then 1st and 7 are as well. This means the exponent is 6. The 4th term is: ${}_6 C_3 L^3 (-U)^3 \rightarrow -20$

$$8. \frac{4500 \text{ rev}}{\text{min}} \bullet \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ sec}} \bullet \frac{2\pi \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)}{1 \text{ rev}} = \frac{25\pi ft}{\text{sec}} \rightarrow L = 25$$

$$(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)^2 = 1 = \sin^4 x + 2 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + \cos^4 x$$

$$\sin^4 x + \cos^4 x = 1 - 2 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x$$

$$9. 2 \sin x \cos x = \frac{24}{25} \rightarrow 4 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = \frac{576}{625}$$

$$2 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = \frac{288}{625} \rightarrow 1 - \frac{288}{625} = \frac{337}{625} \rightarrow 337$$

$$16x = (2x)^{\log_2 x} \rightarrow 16x = (2^{\log_2 x})(x^{\log_2 x})$$

$$10. 16 = (x^{\log_2 x}) \rightarrow 4 = (\log_2 x)^2 \rightarrow \log_2 x = \pm 2$$

$$x = 2^2, 2^{-2} \rightarrow \frac{17}{4} \rightarrow 21$$

11. Solve for the determinant first to make sure it is invertible. The determinant is 3. Go to the 3rd row/2nd column to get the cofactor entry which is 3. 3 divided by 3 is 1

$$12. \frac{2015}{5} \rightarrow 403 \rightarrow \frac{403}{5} \rightarrow 80 \rightarrow \frac{80}{5} \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow \frac{16}{5} \rightarrow 3. \text{ You do not pick up another zero until you}$$

$$403 + 80 + 16 + 3 = 502$$

get to 2020. Therefore 2019 is the largest number. 2019

Answers:

- 0. 1
- 1. 315
- 2. 3
- 3. 6463
- 4. 23
- 5. 72
- 6. 164
- 7. -20
- 8. 25
- 9. 337
- 10. 21
- 11. 1
- 12. 2019