

**#0 Mu CIPHERING**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{2x^2 - 7x + 6}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

**#0 Mu CIPHERING**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{2x^2 - 7x + 6}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

**#0 Mu CIPHERING**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{2x^2 - 7x + 6}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

**#0 Mu CIPHERING**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{2x^2 - 7x + 6}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

**#1 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x^2 - 7x + 6}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

**#1 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x^2 - 7x + 6}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

**#1 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x^2 - 7x + 6}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

**#1 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x^2 - 7x + 6}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

## **#2 Mu Ciphering**

### **MA $\odot$ National Convention 2016**

---

In how many distinct ways can seven identical pieces of candy be distributed among five people so that at least one of the people does not receive any pieces of candy? Each of the seven pieces must be given to one of the five people.

## **#2 Mu Ciphering**

### **MA $\odot$ National Convention 2016**

---

In how many distinct ways can seven identical pieces of candy be distributed among five people so that at least one of the people does not receive any pieces of candy? Each of the seven pieces must be given to one of the five people.

## **#2 Mu Ciphering**

### **MA $\odot$ National Convention 2016**

---

In how many distinct ways can seven identical pieces of candy be distributed among five people so that at least one of the people does not receive any pieces of candy? Each of the seven pieces must be given to one of the five people.

## **#2 Mu Ciphering**

### **MA $\odot$ National Convention 2016**

---

In how many distinct ways can seven identical pieces of candy be distributed among five people so that at least one of the people does not receive any pieces of candy? Each of the seven pieces must be given to one of the five people.

**#3 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

For how many integers  $n$  is  $\frac{n-71}{n-5}$  an integer?

**#3 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

For how many integers  $n$  is  $\frac{n-71}{n-5}$  an integer?

**#3 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

For how many integers  $n$  is  $\frac{n-71}{n-5}$  an integer?

**#3 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

For how many integers  $n$  is  $\frac{n-71}{n-5}$  an integer?

**#4 Mu Ciphering****MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

The graph of  $y^3 + 2xy^2 + 4xy + x^2 = 0$  is sketched in the real plane, and the tangent to the point where  $x = 3$  is sketched. Find the slope of this tangent.

**#4 Mu Ciphering****MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

The graph of  $y^3 + 2xy^2 + 4xy + x^2 = 0$  is sketched in the real plane, and the tangent to the point where  $x = 3$  is sketched. Find the slope of this tangent.

**#4 Mu Ciphering****MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

The graph of  $y^3 + 2xy^2 + 4xy + x^2 = 0$  is sketched in the real plane, and the tangent to the point where  $x = 3$  is sketched. Find the slope of this tangent.

**#4 Mu Ciphering****MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

The graph of  $y^3 + 2xy^2 + 4xy + x^2 = 0$  is sketched in the real plane, and the tangent to the point where  $x = 3$  is sketched. Find the slope of this tangent.

**#5 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Find the point on the function

$y = x^3 + 6x^2 - 36x + 6$  whose tangent line slope is a minimum.

**#5 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Find the point on the function

$y = x^3 + 6x^2 - 36x + 6$  whose tangent line slope is a minimum.

**#5 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Find the point on the function

$y = x^3 + 6x^2 - 36x + 6$  whose tangent line slope is a minimum.

**#5 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

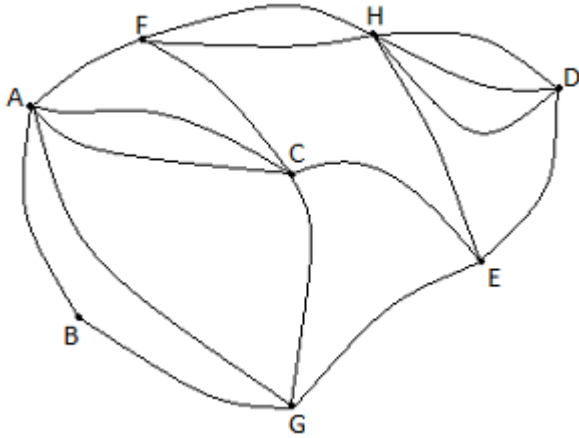
---

Find the point on the function

$y = x^3 + 6x^2 - 36x + 6$  whose tangent line slope is a minimum.

**#6 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

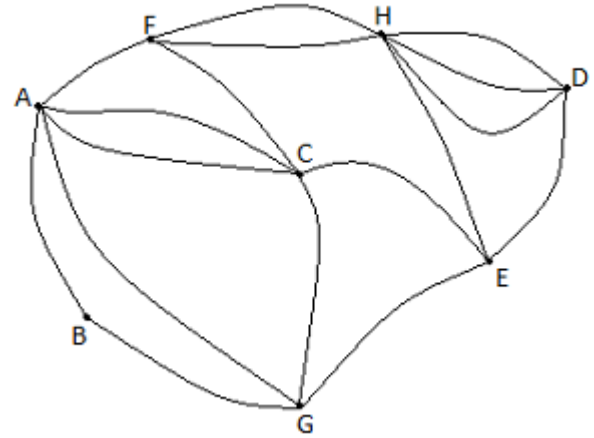
---



Mary begins her trek at the day care (point A in the diagram), and she wants to walk on every road in the diagram exactly once (a road connects two lettered points, and points may be landed on multiple times). Mary's trek ends at home, which must be located at which point in the diagram?

**#6 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

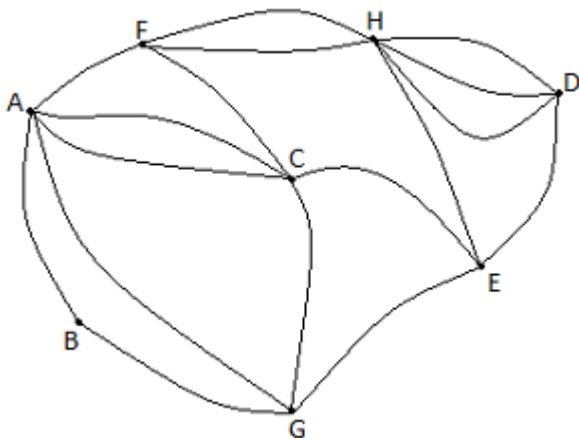
---



Mary begins her trek at the day care (point A in the diagram), and she wants to walk on every road in the diagram exactly once (a road connects two lettered points, and points may be landed on multiple times). Mary's trek ends at home, which must be located at which point in the diagram?

**#6 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

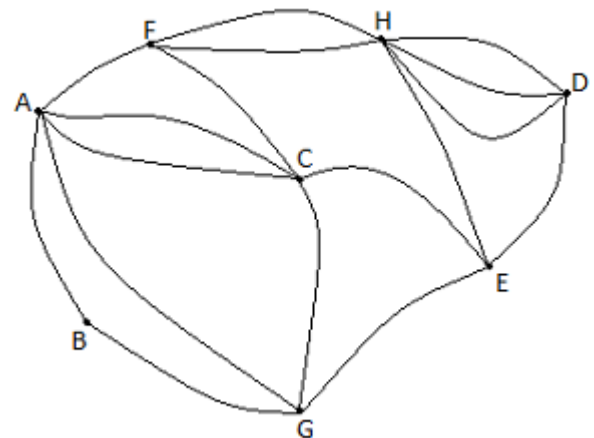
---



Mary begins her trek at the day care (point A in the diagram), and she wants to walk on every road in the diagram exactly once (a road connects two lettered points, and points may be landed on multiple times). Mary's trek ends at home, which must be located at which point in the diagram?

**#6 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

---



Mary begins her trek at the day care (point A in the diagram), and she wants to walk on every road in the diagram exactly once (a road connects two lettered points, and points may be landed on multiple times). Mary's trek ends at home, which must be located at which point in the diagram?

**#7 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

If  $\int_0^1 \frac{2x+1}{x^2+1} dx = \frac{\pi + \ln a}{b}$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are

positive integers, find the value of  $\frac{5ab}{2a+2b}$ .

**#7 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

If  $\int_0^1 \frac{2x+1}{x^2+1} dx = \frac{\pi + \ln a}{b}$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are

positive integers, find the value of  $\frac{5ab}{2a+2b}$ .

**#7 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

If  $\int_0^1 \frac{2x+1}{x^2+1} dx = \frac{\pi + \ln a}{b}$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are

positive integers, find the value of  $\frac{5ab}{2a+2b}$ .

**#7 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\odot$  National Convention 2016**

---

If  $\int_0^1 \frac{2x+1}{x^2+1} dx = \frac{\pi + \ln a}{b}$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are

positive integers, find the value of  $\frac{5ab}{2a+2b}$ .



**#8 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{3}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left( 1 + 2 \left( 1 + \frac{3(i-1)^2}{n} \right) \right) \right)$

**#8 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{3}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left( 1 + 2 \left( 1 + \frac{3(i-1)^2}{n} \right) \right) \right)$

**#8 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{3}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left( 1 + 2 \left( 1 + \frac{3(i-1)^2}{n} \right) \right) \right)$

**#8 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{3}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left( 1 + 2 \left( 1 + \frac{3(i-1)^2}{n} \right) \right) \right)$

**#9 Mu Ciphering****MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Find the value of  $c$  guaranteed by the Mean Value Theorem for the function

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 3 \text{ on the interval } [1, 3].$$

**#9 Mu Ciphering****MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Find the value of  $c$  guaranteed by the Mean Value Theorem for the function

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 3 \text{ on the interval } [1, 3].$$

**#9 Mu Ciphering****MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Find the value of  $c$  guaranteed by the Mean Value Theorem for the function

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 3 \text{ on the interval } [1, 3].$$

**#9 Mu Ciphering****MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Find the value of  $c$  guaranteed by the Mean Value Theorem for the function

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 3 \text{ on the interval } [1, 3].$$

**#10 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

---

A triangle has sides of length 9, 11, and 16. Find the product of the lengths of the radii of the triangle's inscribed and circumscribed circles.

**#10 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

---

A triangle has sides of length 9, 11, and 16. Find the product of the lengths of the radii of the triangle's inscribed and circumscribed circles.

**#10 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

---

A triangle has sides of length 9, 11, and 16. Find the product of the lengths of the radii of the triangle's inscribed and circumscribed circles.

**#10 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

---

A triangle has sides of length 9, 11, and 16. Find the product of the lengths of the radii of the triangle's inscribed and circumscribed circles.

**#11 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{60\sin x + 10x^3 - 60x}{3x^5} \right)$

**#11 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{60\sin x + 10x^3 - 60x}{3x^5} \right)$

**#11 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{60\sin x + 10x^3 - 60x}{3x^5} \right)$

**#11 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA@ National Convention 2016**

---

Evaluate:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{60\sin x + 10x^3 - 60x}{3x^5} \right)$

**#12 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\Theta$  National Convention 2016**

---

Owen is riding his bicycle on a straight, flat road at a constant rate of 15 feet per second. At the moment he passes underneath a balloon rising vertically at a constant rate of 5 feet per second, the balloon is already 45 feet above the road. At what rate, in feet per second, is the distance between Owen and the balloon increasing exactly three seconds after Owen passes under the balloon?

**#12 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\Theta$  National Convention 2016**

---

Owen is riding his bicycle on a straight, flat road at a constant rate of 15 feet per second. At the moment he passes underneath a balloon rising vertically at a constant rate of 5 feet per second, the balloon is already 45 feet above the road. At what rate, in feet per second, is the distance between Owen and the balloon increasing exactly three seconds after Owen passes under the balloon?

**#12 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\Theta$  National Convention 2016**

---

Owen is riding his bicycle on a straight, flat road at a constant rate of 15 feet per second. At the moment he passes underneath a balloon rising vertically at a constant rate of 5 feet per second, the balloon is already 45 feet above the road. At what rate, in feet per second, is the distance between Owen and the balloon increasing exactly three seconds after Owen passes under the balloon?

**#12 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\Theta$  National Convention 2016**

---

Owen is riding his bicycle on a straight, flat road at a constant rate of 15 feet per second. At the moment he passes underneath a balloon rising vertically at a constant rate of 5 feet per second, the balloon is already 45 feet above the road. At what rate, in feet per second, is the distance between Owen and the balloon increasing exactly three seconds after Owen passes under the balloon?

**#13 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\Theta$  National Convention 2016**

---

The region bounded below by  $y = (x - 2)^2$  and above by  $y = -(x - 2)(x - 6)$  is revolved about the line  $x = 2$ . Find the volume of the resulting solid.

**#13 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\Theta$  National Convention 2016**

---

The region bounded below by  $y = (x - 2)^2$  and above by  $y = -(x - 2)(x - 6)$  is revolved about the line  $x = 2$ . Find the volume of the resulting solid.

**#13 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\Theta$  National Convention 2016**

---

The region bounded below by  $y = (x - 2)^2$  and above by  $y = -(x - 2)(x - 6)$  is revolved about the line  $x = 2$ . Find the volume of the resulting solid.

**#13 Mu Ciphering**  
**MA $\Theta$  National Convention 2016**

---

The region bounded below by  $y = (x - 2)^2$  and above by  $y = -(x - 2)(x - 6)$  is revolved about the line  $x = 2$ . Find the volume of the resulting solid.

**#14 Mu Cipheryng**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

---

Define a metafactorial  $n!^*$  for positive integer  $n$  in the following way:  $n!^* = n! \cdot (n-1)! \cdot \dots \cdot 2! \cdot 1!$ . In how many consecutive zeros does  $50!^*$  end?

**#14 Mu Cipheryng**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

---

Define a metafactorial  $n!^*$  for positive integer  $n$  in the following way:  $n!^* = n! \cdot (n-1)! \cdot \dots \cdot 2! \cdot 1!$ . In how many consecutive zeros does  $50!^*$  end?

**#14 Mu Cipheryng**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

---

Define a metafactorial  $n!^*$  for positive integer  $n$  in the following way:  $n!^* = n! \cdot (n-1)! \cdot \dots \cdot 2! \cdot 1!$ . In how many consecutive zeros does  $50!^*$  end?

**#14 Mu Cipheryng**  
**MA© National Convention 2016**

---

Define a metafactorial  $n!^*$  for positive integer  $n$  in the following way:  $n!^* = n! \cdot (n-1)! \cdot \dots \cdot 2! \cdot 1!$ . In how many consecutive zeros does  $50!^*$  end?

