- NOTA means None of These Answers
- 1. The number e is usually referred to as which mathematician's number?
 - A. Euclid
- B. Euler
- C. Eratosthenes
- D. Erdös
- E. NOTA
- 2. Which mathematician discovered e while exploring compounded interest?
 - A. Fermat
- B. Napier
- C. Leibniz
- D. Bernoulli E. NOTA
- 3. Which of the following is **not** equal to e^x for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$?
 - A. $\lim_{n\to\infty} \left(1+\frac{x}{n}\right)^n$ B. $\lim_{n\to0} (1+n)^{\frac{x}{n}}$ C. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$ D. $\cosh x + \sinh x$

- E. NOTA
- 4. What is the sum of the solutions to: $e^x + 12e^{-x} = 7$?
 - A. ln 7
- B. ln 4
- C. ln 3
- D. ln 12
- E. NOTA
- 5. This statement describes which function? If a certain area is inputted, this function outputs the b such that the area between the curve $y = \frac{1}{x}$ and the x-axis from 1 to b is the inputted value.
 - A. $\ln x$

- B. $\frac{1}{x}$ C. e^x D. $-\frac{1}{x^2}$ E. NOTA
- 6. How many of the following series converge?

 - i. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{e^n}{n!}$ ii. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{e^n}{2^n}$ iii. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n e}{n}$

- iv. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-n}$ v. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^n}{n^e}$ vi. $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \ln n}$

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. NOTA
- 7. Find the radius of convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n (2n)^n}{3^n n!}$
 - A. 2e/3

- B. 3e/2 C. 2/(3e) D. 3/(2e)
- E. NOTA

- 8. Find the global maximum of $f(x) = \sqrt[x]{x}$. The function's domain is all positive reals.
 - A. *e*

- B. e^e C. $\frac{1}{e}$ D. $e^{\frac{1}{e}}$ E. NOTA
- 9. I invest a sum of money in an account with 100R% interest compounded continuously. If I make no withdrawals or deposits, how long does it take for my money to triple?
 - A. $(\ln 3)/R$ B. $\ln \left(\frac{3}{R}\right)$ C. $\ln (3R)$ D. $\ln 3$

- E. NOTA

- 10. Evaluate: $\lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{3}{n+i}$

 - A.3 ln 2 B. 3 ln 3
- C. ln 3
- D. Does not converge
- E. NOTA

- 11. Evaluate: $\int_{e^e}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x \ln x (\ln(\ln x))^{3/2}}$
 - A. $2\sqrt{e}$ B. 2e C. e^2 D. $2e^2$ E. NOTA

- 12. Given $\cosh t = 2$, Find the value of $|\sinh 2t|$.

 - A. $\sqrt{3}$ B. $2\sqrt{3}$ C. $4\sqrt{3}$ D. 6
- E. NOTA

- 13. Evaluate: $\lim_{n \to \infty} \ln \left(\frac{n!}{(2n)^n} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$

 - A. $-1 \ln 2$ B. $-\frac{1}{2}(1 + \ln 2)$ C. $\frac{1}{2}(1 + \ln 2)$ D. $-\ln 2$ E. NOTA

- 14. You have 100g of a radioactive substance. After 60 minutes, 80g remains. What is the halflife of the substance in hours?

- A. $\log_{.5}(.8)$ B. $\log_{1.25}(2)$ C. $2\ln(4/5)$ D. $\frac{1}{2\ln(4/5)}$ E. NOTA

15. How many functions that pass through the origin are there such that f'(x) = f(x)?

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. infinitely many

E. NOTA

16. The function $f(x) = e^x$ is rotated about the x axis. Find the volume of the resulting solid that lies to the left of the y axis.

Α. π

B. $\pi/2$

C. *e*π

D. π/e

E. NOTA

17. What is the 10^{th} digit after the decimal place in the decimal equivalent of e?

A. 1

B. 2

C. 4

D. 8

E. NOTA

Use the following information for questions 18-19:

A population P(t) grows at a rate directly proportional to P(t)(10,000-2P(t)). There are initially 1000 members of the population, and after two years there are 3000 members.

18. Which of the following is P(4) closest to?

A. 3500

B. 4000

C. 4500

D. 5000

E. NOTA

19. When is the population growing the fastest?

A. P = 1000

B. P = 2500 C. P = 5000

D. P = 10.000 E. NOTA

20. Evaluate: $\lim_{x\to\infty} (1+2e^x)^{1/x}$

A. 1

В. е

C. 2*e*

D. e^2

E. NOTA

21. A ball with mass 5kg falls through water and experiences both the force of gravity and a drag force directly proportional to its velocity. Find the velocity of the ball at $t = \ln 5$. Use Newton's second law of motion, $mg - F_{DRAG} = ma$, $g = 10 \frac{m}{c^2}$, v(0) = 0, $v(\ln 2) = 5$.

A. 8

B. 48/5

C. 7

D. 6

E. NOTA

- 22. Find the product of all real k such that $y = e^{kx}$ is a solution to the differential equation $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0.$
 - A. $-\sqrt{2}$ B. $\sqrt{2}$ C. -2 D. 2 E. NOTA

- 23. The complex number 2 + 2i can be expressed in the form e^{a+bi} , where a and b are real and b is the least possible positive radian measure angle. What is ab?

- A. $\frac{\pi}{2} \ln 2$ B. $\frac{\pi}{2} \ln \sqrt{2}$ C. $\frac{3\pi}{4} \ln 2$ D. $\frac{3\pi}{4} \ln \sqrt{2}$ E. NOTA

- 24. $f(x) = \frac{e^{x^2} x^2 1}{a_x a_y}$. Find $\lim_{x \to 0} f(x)$.
- A. 1/8 B.1/24 C. 1/64 D. 1/96
- E. NOTA

- 25. $e^{\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}} = ?$ (Hint: use power series)
- A. e^7 B. e^{12} C. $\begin{bmatrix} 3e & 0 \\ 0 & 4e \end{bmatrix}$ D. $\begin{bmatrix} e^3 & 0 \\ 0 & e^4 \end{bmatrix}$
- E. NOTA

- 26. Evaluate: $\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{e^{1+2x} + e^{1-2x}}$
 - A. $\frac{\pi}{4a}$ B. $\frac{\pi}{8a}$ C. $\frac{\pi}{4}$

- E. NOTA

- 27. $f(x) = (x^2 + 1)e^x$. Evaluate $f^{(10)}(0)$.
 - A. 1
- B. 90
- C. 91
- D. 180
- E. NOTA
- 28. Suppose you play a slot machine that pays out with probability 1/1,000,000. If you play 1,000,000 times, the probability you will lose every time is closest to which of the following?
 - A. 1/2
- B. 1/e C. 1/2e D. $1/e^2$
- E. NOTA

29. Evaluate: $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\theta)}{3^n}$ where $\cos(\theta) = 1/3$. Hint: $\cos(n\theta) = Re(e^{in\theta})$

- A. 3/5 B. 6/5 C. 9/5 D. 6/7

E. NOTA

30. Evaluate: i^{i^3}

- A. 1 B. -1 C. $e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$ D. $e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}}$ E. NOTA